

ANSWERS: *Disciple of Christ Study: Lesson 6 The New Covenant*

Purpose of study: *Live life as a disciple of Christ and intentionally make disciples for the glory of the triune God. A disciple is a “student” or “follower” who learns, studies, and acts in accordance to the teachings of Christ, the Master.*

Lesson 6: The New Covenant (Day One) *Mercy Seat*

Definition: Hesed, (חֶסֶד) is a Hebrew word used in the Old Testament used to describe God’s unfailing and steadfast love for us. The word describes God's kindness and His loving-kindness in condescending (bending to a lower status) to the needs of His creatures. God gives us His goodness and favor.

Definition: Mercy is the kind or forgiving treatment of someone who could be treated harshly. The merciful care for the needs of others and help those in distress.

Read Leviticus 16:2-3 and answer question 1-3:

The LORD said to Moses: "Tell your brother Aaron not to come whenever he chooses into the Most Holy Place behind the curtain in front of the atonement cover on the ark, or else he will die, because I appear in the cloud over the atonement cover."³ "This is how Aaron is to enter the sanctuary area: with a young bull for a sin offering and a ram for a burnt offering."
Leviticus 16:2-3

1. Could the high priest Aaron go to the Most Holy Place in front of the atonement cover (mercy seat) whenever he decided to? Yes **No** (Circle One)

2. Why was Aaron told not to enter, *whenever he chooses into the Most Holy Place behind the curtain in front of the cover of the ark* (v. 2)?

Because God appears in the cloud over the atonement cover; He is holy and no one may see His face and live. Reference if needed: Exodus 33:20 "But," he said, "you cannot see my face, for no one may see me and live."

3. How was Aaron, the high priest, supposed to enter into the sanctuary (v. 3)?

Aaron was to enter with a young bull for a sin offering and a ram for a burnt offering.

Read Leviticus 16:13-16 and answer question 4-6:

He is to put the incense on the fire before the LORD, and the smoke of the incense will conceal the atonement cover above the Testimony, so that he will not die.¹⁴ He is to take some of the bull's blood and with his finger sprinkle it on the front of the atonement cover; then he shall sprinkle some of it with his finger seven times before the atonement cover.¹⁵ "He shall then slaughter the goat for the sin offering for the people and take its blood behind the curtain and do with it as he did with the bull's blood: He shall sprinkle it on the atonement cover and in front of it.¹⁶ In this way he will make atonement for the Most Holy Place because of the uncleanness and rebellion of the Israelites, whatever their sins have been. He is to do the same for the Tent of Meeting, which is among them in the midst of their uncleanness. Leviticus 16:13-16

4. Why did Aaron put incense on the fire before the Lord to conceal the atonement cover (v. 13)?

So that the smoke of the incense would conceal the atonement cover above the Testimony where God's presence would be and thus he would not die.

5. What was sprinkled on the atonement cover (mercy seat) (vs. 14-15)?

Bull and goat blood.

6. Explain in your own words why atonement cover or mercy seat is an accurate translation for the Hebrew word kapporeth (כַּפֹּרֶת) and the purpose for which it was made (vs. 15-16):

Their personal words but should contain some of this information: The Hebrew word kapporeth (כַּפֹּרֶת) means to cover over sin. God's holy presence resided above the atonement cover. In love, He was revealing to His people that rebellion and sin separates us from Him. If we were to enter His presence, we would die. However, because God is merciful and did not want to inflict death and punishment on the Israelites, He gave them the sacrificial system through the Mosaic covenant. The blood on the atonement cover – covered the sins of the people. Simply – in mercy, God covered sin.

Know therefore that the LORD your God is God; he is the faithful God, keeping his covenant of love to a thousand generations of those who love him and keep his commands. Deuteronomy 7:9

7. Read Deuteronomy 7:9. God keeps His covenant of love to a thousand generation of those who _____ love _____ Him and _____ keep _____ His _____ commands _____.

Help me, O LORD my God; save me in accordance with your love.²⁷ Let them know that it is your hand, that you, O LORD, have done it. Psalm 109:26

8. Read, meditate and ask God to speak to you through Psalm 109:26. What did God say to you?

Personal Answer. CLI Discipler, please encourage and comment appropriately.

The LORD confides in those who fear him; he makes his covenant known to them.
Psalm 25:14

9. Read Psalm 25:14. In whom does the LORD confide and to whom does He make His covenant known?

In those who fear him.

Lesson 6: The New Covenant (Day Two) Relationships

Read 1 Corinthians 13:1-7 and answer questions 10-13:

If I speak in the tongues of men and of angels, but have not love, I am only a resounding gong or a clanging cymbal.

² *If I have the gift of prophecy and can fathom all mysteries and all knowledge, and if I have a faith that can move mountains, but have not love, I am nothing.*

³ *If I give all I possess to the poor and surrender my body to the flames, but have not love, I gain nothing.*

⁴ *Love is patient, love is kind. It does not envy, it does not boast, it is not proud.*

⁵ *It is not rude, it is not self-seeking, it is not easily angered, it keeps no record of wrongs.*

⁶ *Love does not delight in evil but rejoices with the truth.*

⁷ *It always protects, always trusts, always hopes, always perseveres. 1 Corinthians 13:1-7*

10. If you teach your disciple with wonderful and powerful words and are able to make him understand the Bible, yet have no love, what are you (vs. 1-2)?

A resounding gong or a clanging cymbal.

11. If you give everything you have to the poor and even die for Christ, but have no love in your heart, what do you get or achieve (v. 3)?

Nothing

12. The definition of love is given in the last verses of the passage (vs. 4-7). From the fifteen descriptions of love, list two that you struggle with:

Personal Answer. CLI Discipler, Please make sure you let you disciple know you will pray for strength and victory in these areas; and of course pray for at least a week.

Lesson 6: The New Covenant (Day Three) *Jesus*

Read Hebrews 10:9-12 and answer question 13-15:

Then he said, "Here I am, I have come to do your will." He sets aside the first to establish the second.¹⁰ And by that will, we have been made holy through the sacrifice of the body of Jesus Christ once for all.¹¹ Day after day every priest stands and performs his religious duties; again and again he offers the same sacrifices, which can never take away sins.¹² But when this priest had offered for all time one sacrifice for sins, he sat down at the right hand of God.

Hebrews 10:9-12

13. Jesus says "*Here I am, I have come to do your will* " (v. 9). With a clear conscience and sincere heart, can you say this to God the Father? Yes No Maybe (Circle One) Explain your answer.

Personal Answer. CLI Discipler, If your disciple does not answer yes, carefully read his or her explanation and encourage in faith.

14. What has the love of the triune God done for you (v. 10)?

Answer should be in some form: "*I have been made holy through the sacrifice of the body of Jesus Christ.*"

15. What is the significance of Jesus, our high priest, sitting down at the right hand of God (vs. 11-12)?

Jesus completely took away sins by His blood sacrifice. His job or duty was performed and completed.

From Lesson Notes: Under the Old Covenant the high priest had to stand and perform his duties over and over again. The standing signifies a job not finished. He could not sit down from his labors because they never ended. The people continued to sin and sacrifices had to be continually made. The sacrifices only covered the sin, it did not take it completely away.

16. Read the book of Hebrews at one sitting or at one time. Mark passages about the New Covenant. Contemplate (meditate, think deeply) on those passages that you marked or underlined. Share one or two things that you learned or that God impressed upon you:

Personal Answer. CLI Discipler, Encourage and comment as answer requires.

Read Jeremiah 31:3-4 and answer questions 17-18:

The LORD appeared to us in the past, saying: "I have loved you with an everlasting love; I have drawn you with loving-kindness."⁴ I will build you up again and you will be rebuilt, O Virgin Israel. Again you will take up your tambourines and go out to dance with the joyful.

Jeremiah 31:3-4

17. How has God loved Israel (v. 3)?

With an everlasting love

18. How has God loved you (v. 3)?

With an everlasting love

Read Jeremiah 31:31, 33 and answer question 19:

"The time is coming," declares the LORD, "when I will make a new covenant with the house of Israel and with the house of Judah. Jeremiah 31:31

"This is the covenant I will make with the house of Israel after that time," declares the LORD. "I will put my law in their minds and write it on their hearts. I will be their God, and they will be my people. Jeremiah 31:33

19. What is the New Covenant that Jeremiah is prophesying about?

The new covenant that was made on the cross by Jesus' blood sacrifice for humanity's sins.

Read Matthew 26:28 and Luke 22:20 and answer questions 20-23:

This is my blood of the covenant, which is poured out for many for the forgiveness of sins. Matthew 26:28

In the same way, after the supper he took the cup, saying, "This cup is the new covenant in my blood, which is poured out for you. Luke 22:20

20. What does Jesus mean when He says, "This cup is the new covenant in my blood"?

Jesus means that the red wine is symbolic of the blood that He will shed on the cross for our sins and His blood ratifies the new treaty between God and man.

21. How was Jesus' blood poured out for you?

Answer should be in some form: He was crucified and paid the punishment for my sins.

22. What do you think *your* part of the New Covenant agreement is (John 14:15, 21)?

Personal Answer: but should include obeying Jesus; obeying God.

John 14:15 "If you love me, you will obey what I command.

John 14:21 Whoever has my commands and obeys them, he is the one who loves me. He who loves me will be loved by my Father, and I too will love him and show myself to him."

23. Why would Jesus pour out His blood for you?

Because He loves God and us.

24.-26. **Self-Awareness on Love:**

***See answer sheet to record your responses to these exercises.

24. Define love in your own words:

Personal Answer

Suggestions from 1 Corinthians 13:1-7 and Lesson notes: Love is a loyal, dependable, unselfish, generous and caring concern for another. It is also extreme liking, radical devotion and genuine affection.

25. How does *your* life reflect love for God in the same way Jesus reflected His love on the cross?

Personal Answer. CLI Discipler, Encourage and comment as answer requires.

26. Will you make any changes in the way you think and consider your love for God and others? Yes No Maybe (Circle One) If so what changes?

Personal Answer. CLI Discipler, Encourage and comment as answer requires.

Lesson 6: The New Covenant (Day Four) *Terms and Promises*

(Terms and Promises will be listed on last two pages for CLI Discipler's convenience)

Definition: Terms is a plural noun meaning the provisions (requirements) that determine the nature and scope of an agreement. It is the conditions that outline a relationship.

For in the gospel a righteousness from God is revealed, a righteousness that is by faith from first to last, just as it is written: "The righteous will live by faith." Romans 1:17

27. Read Romans 1:17. Since God's Terms are all based on your faith, what will you do if you feel your faith is lacking, small, weak or faltering at times?

Personal Answer: but should include praying for faith and reading and studying Bible.

Mark 9:24 Immediately the boy's father exclaimed, "I do believe; help me overcome my unbelief!"

Ephesians 3:16 I pray that out of his glorious riches he may strengthen you with power through his Spirit in your inner being,¹⁷ so that Christ may dwell in your hearts through faith. And I pray that you, being rooted and established in love,¹⁸ may have power, together with all the saints, to grasp how wide and long and high and deep is the love of Christ,¹⁹ and to know this love that surpasses knowledge-- that you may be filled to the measure of all the fullness of God.

Philippians 4:19 And my God will meet all your needs according to his glorious riches in Christ Jesus.

Reading or hearing God's Word will also increase faith:

Isaiah 55:10-11 As the rain and the snow come down from heaven, and do not return to it without watering the earth and making it bud and flourish, so that it yields seed for the sower and bread for the eater,¹¹ so is my word that goes out from my mouth: It will not return to me empty, but will accomplish what I desire and achieve the purpose for which I sent it.

Romans 10:17 Consequently, faith comes from hearing the message, and the message is heard through the word of Christ.

Acts 20:32 "Now I commit you to God and to the word of his grace, which can build you up and give you an inheritance among all those who are sanctified.

But you, dear friends, build yourselves up in your most holy faith and pray in the Holy Spirit.²¹ Keep yourselves in God's love as you wait for the mercy of our Lord Jesus Christ to bring you to eternal life. Jude 1:20-21 (Present participle verbs are used in v. 20 to explain that faith and prayer are continuous and progressive actions.)

28. Memorize Jude 1:20-21. Write memory verses without looking at Bible or notes:

But you, dear friends, build yourselves up in your most holy faith and pray in the Holy Spirit.²¹ Keep yourselves in God's love as you wait for the mercy of our Lord Jesus Christ to bring you to eternal life.

Definition: Promises is also a plural noun meaning assurance that some things will or will not be done. A promise is a pledge, vow or guarantee.

29. If things do not go your way, if people do not love you, if sickness strikes, or catastrophe falls, will you still love and trust God? Definitely I'm not sure I hope so (Circle One)

Personal Answer.

30. Explain your answer to question 29:

Personal Answer. CLI Discipler, Encourage and comment as answer requires.

31. If family members do not love you, if friends turn their back on you, if folks mistreat you, will you still love these people God created? Definitely I'm not sure I hope so (Circle One)

Personal Answer.

32. Explain your answer to question 31:

Personal Answer. CLI Discipler, Encourage and comment as answer requires.

He guides me in paths of righteousness for his name's sake. Psalm 23:3

33. Read Psalm 23:3. God guides you in paths of righteousness for His name's sake.

Read Ezekiel 20:9 and fill in the blanks for question 34:

But for the sake of my name I did what would keep it from being profaned in the eyes of the nations they lived among and in whose sight I had revealed myself to the Israelites by bringing them out of Egypt. Ezekiel 20:9

34. God says that for the sake of His name He did what would keep it from being profaned in the eyes of the nations that they (Israelites) lived among and in whose sight I had revealed myself to the Israelites.

35. As a Christian, are you engaging in any kind of behavior that would give others the wrong idea about God's character and the truth of His word? Yes No (Circle One)

Personal Answer

36. If you answered "yes" to question 35, please share what steps you will take to change this behavior. Also, write how your CLI Discipler may pray for you.

CLI Discipler, Please pray for your disciple for at least 2 weeks and write and confirm that you are praying. Write any Scripture that would encourage him or her to holiness.

God has given Christians promises to combat bad habits and sin. He tells us that we have victory over the bondage and power of sin. We are promised that we *can* obey God in holy living. Review number 2, 5 and 7 and the Bible references under God's promises on page 16.

Read 2 Corinthians 1:20 answer questions 37-39:

For no matter how many promises God has made, they are "Yes" in Christ. And so through him the "Amen" is spoken by us to the glory of God. 2 Corinthians 1:20

Definition: Amen is used both in the Old Testament (Hebrew) and in the New Testament (Greek). It is a word used to express agreement and the truth of a statement. It means "so be it" and "truly." Amen is also one of the names of Jesus. *These are the words of the Amen, the faithful and true witness, the ruler of God's creation. Revelation 3:14b*

37. How do you appropriate (take for your use) the promises God has made to us in the Bible?

Say "Yes" in Christ. (Yes, this promise is for me and I graciously accept this gift in Jesus' name.)

38. Write and say “Amen” to the fact that all of God’s promises are available to us in Christ Jesus!

Amen, that all of God’s promises are available to us in Christ Jesus!

39. How do you glorify God by affirming, believing and trusting in His promises?

Personal Answer: but should include the fact that we put the spotlight on God by showing that God is faithful and true. He is God and as such has perfect character. He graciously has given us gifts in the form of promises and not to accept and act upon them is to disrespect God and cast dispersion on His gifts.

Lesson 6: The New Covenant (Day Five) *Presumption, Faith or Sin?*

Warning about God's Promises

Definition: Presume is defined as doing something that you do not have the right or permission to do. It also means to take for granted.

Then they despised the pleasant land; they did not believe his promise.²⁵ They grumbled in their tents and did not obey the LORD.²⁶ So he swore to them with uplifted hand that he would make them fall in the desert,²⁷ make their descendants fall among the nations and scatter them throughout the lands. Psalm 106:24-27

40. Read Psalm 106:24-27. What caused the Israelites to fall in the desert and among the nations (v. 24-25)?

Then they despised the pleasant land; they did not believe his promise.²⁵ They grumbled in their tents and did not obey the LORD.

If we deliberately keep on sinning after we have received the knowledge of the truth, no sacrifice for sins is left,²⁷ but only a fearful expectation of judgment and of raging fire that will consume the enemies of God.²⁸ Anyone who rejected the law of Moses died without mercy on the testimony of two or three witnesses.²⁹ How much more severely do you think a man deserves to be punished who has trampled the Son of God under foot, who has treated as an unholy thing the blood of the covenant that sanctified him, and who has insulted the Spirit of grace? Hebrews 10:26-29

41. Read Hebrews 10:26-29. What will cause people to have a fearful expectation of judgment and raging fire (v. 26)?

Deliberately keep on sinning and reject the Son of God.

Reference: Revelation 3:5 - He who overcomes will, like them, be dressed in white. I will never blot out his name from the book of life, but will acknowledge his name before my Father and his angels.

Such confidence as this is ours through Christ before God.⁵ Not that we are competent in ourselves to claim anything for ourselves, but our competence comes from God.⁶ He has made us competent as ministers of a new covenant-- not of the letter but of the Spirit; for the letter kills, but the Spirit gives life. 2 Corinthians 3:4-6

42. Read 2 Corinthians 3:4-6. How do you know that you are a competent (capable and proficient) minister (servant and helper) of the New Covenant?

Because God says that we are in Christ Jesus.

His pleasure is not in the strength of the horse, nor his delight in the legs of a man;¹¹ the LORD delights in those who fear him, who put their hope in his unfailing love. Psalm 147:10-11

43. Read Psalm 147:10-11. What delights or brings joy to the LORD (v. 11)?

The LORD delights in those who fear him, who put their hope in his unfailing love.

Definition: Ratify means to sign or give formal consent to a treaty, contract, or agreement, making it officially valid.

44. Review and meditate on *God's Terms*. Pray and ask God to increase your faith and to help you in keeping all of His terms. Share how your CLI Disciplex might pray for you in keeping God's Terms in faith:

CLI Disciplex, Please pray for your disciplex every day for at least 2 weeks and write and confirm that you are praying. Write any Scripture that would encourage him or her to holiness.

45. Review and meditate on *God's Promises*. Choose one that you might need to lay hold of for a more vibrant, joyful and empowered life. Pray and ask God to help you in trusting Him for all of His promises and especially the one you chose. Please share the promise so your CLI Disciplex can join you in prayer:

CLI Disciplex, Please pray for your disciplex every day for at least 2 weeks and write and confirm that you are praying. Write any Scripture that would encourage him or her to holiness.

46. Memorize 2 Corinthians 1:20. Write memory verses without looking at Bible or notes:

For no matter how many promises God has made, they are "Yes" in Christ. And so through him the "Amen" is spoken by us to the glory of God.

Next: Lesson 7: Worship in Christ

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New Covenant Terms and Benefits

The New Covenant was made (cut) into Christ's sacrificial body as He shed His blood and died on the cross for the sins of humanity, accepting God's righteous wrath for those sins and recovering the repentant from Satan's power.

"I, the LORD, have called you in righteousness; I will take hold of your hand. I will keep you and will make you to be a covenant for the people and a light for the Gentiles,⁷ to open eyes that are blind, to free captives from prison and to release from the dungeon those who sit in darkness."
Isaiah 42:6-7

God's Terms

1. By faith, acknowledge (recognize) God and your need of Him (Psalm 19:1-4, 62:5-8, 72:12-13, 73:25-26; Proverbs 3:5-6; Ecclesiastes 12:13; Isaiah 12:4-5, 55:3; Hosea 6:3,6; Acts 14:17; Romans 1:17-21; and Ephesians 2:12-13, 4:17-18).

2. By faith, accept that Jesus Christ is the Son of God who died a sacrificial death for your rebellion and sin and was buried and on the third day rose from the dead (Isaiah 53:1-12; Matthew 10:32-33; John 6:27-29, 20:26-31 and Romans 3:21-26,10:9-13).

3. By faith, confess your sins and repent (Leviticus 5:5-6; 2 Chronicles 6:36-42; Isaiah 59:20; Matthew 4:17; Acts 2:38, 26:20; James 5:16; 1 John 1:8-10 and Revelation 3:19).

4. By faith, accept God's Word and align (bring into line) yourself with the truth within it (Deuteronomy 8:3; Luke 8:21; John 5:24, 14:21, 17:17; 2 Corinthians 2:4; Ephesians 1:13-14; 2 Timothy 2:15, 3:14-17 and 1 Peter 2:21).

5. By faith, fear the triune God, obey Him and follow Christ (Deuteronomy 10:12-13, 28; 1 Samuel 12:15; Psalm 147:10; Proverbs 1:7; Ecclesiastes 12:13; Jeremiah 42:6; Isaiah 11:1-3a, 24:1-25; Matthew 10:28; 19:17, 22:36-40, 22:36-40; Mark 8:34-38; Luke 12:4-5; John 14:15; Acts 5:28-29, 9:31; Romans 15:18-19; Hebrews 5:8-9; 1 John 2:3-6, 5:1-4 and Revelation 12:17, 14:2, 15:4).

All the ways of the LORD are loving and faithful for those who keep the demands of his covenant. Psalm 25:10 (2 Chronicles 6:14 and 1 Kings 8:23)

* Fear of the Lord is defined as a mix of reverence, dread and wonder. It is fearful veneration or respect. Its archaic (ancient, old) use meant it was the power to inspire reverence or fear. Fearing the Lord also means being afraid of offending God. Fear of God originates in love. We care for the Father, Jesus and the Holy Spirit so much that we want to serve Him and we experience true anxiety in failing Him.

* Faith is defined as our trusting commitment or dedication to God.

Believers' Covenant Benefits (God's Promises)

His divine power has given us everything we need for life and godliness through our knowledge of him who called us by his own glory and goodness.⁴ Through these he has given us his very great and precious promises, so that through them you may participate in the divine nature and escape the corruption in the world caused by evil desires. 2 Peter 1:3-4

- 1. Redemption: all rebellion and sin forgiven (Isaiah 49:5-9; Acts 10:43; Ephesians 1:7-8; Colossians 1:13-14 and Hebrews 10:10-14). Freedom from condemnation and guilt (Psalm 34:22, 109:31; Romans 8:1-2; and Hebrews 7:25-26, 10:22).**
- 2. Relationship: sons (male and female) of God and heirs of Abraham (Romans 8:14-15; Galatians 3:26-29, 4:6-7; Ephesians 1:4-6; Hebrews 12:5-8 and 1 John 5:20). Fellowship with God and other believers (John 17:20-23 and 1 John 1:3-4, 7). Fellow citizens with God's people and part of the covenants (Ephesians 2:11-22) Prayers answered (John 15:7-14 and 1 John 3:21-24); Recognize God's voice (John 10:14) and Listen to God (John 10:16b).**
- 3. New Creation (2 Corinthians 5:17 and Galatians 6:15). Identity in Christ (Colossians 3:3 and Galatians 3:26). Law and commands written on heart (Jeremiah 31:33; John 15:7; Colossians 3:16 and Hebrews 10:16-22). Like Christ: righteous with right attitudes and motivations (Romans 8:9-10, 28-29; 1 Corinthians 2:16; 2 Corinthians 3:9-10; Galatians 5:24-25; Ephesians 4:22-24 and 1 John 2:6, 3:2-3). Ability for: Love (Roman 5:5, 8 and Ephesians 3:16-19), Unity (Ephesians 4:13), Peace (Romans 5:1), Wisdom (Daniel 2:21; 1 Corinthians 1:30-31; Ephesians 1:17 and James 1:5) and Joy (1 Peter 1:8). Forgiving others (Matthew 6:14; Luke 6:37, 17:4, 23:34; Mark 11:25; Philippians 4:13 and Colossians 3:13), Humility (Philippians 2:3-8).**
- 4. Victory over the Bondage and Power of Sin/Addictions: ability to obey God in holy living. (Ezekiel 36:25-27; Romans 6:6-14, 8:1-14; 1 Corinthians 6:9-11; 2 Corinthians 5:17, 9:8; Hebrews 6:18 and 1 John 3:9, 5:4-5, 18). Protection from the evil one (2 Thessalonians 3:3).**
- 5. Holy Spirit: for guidance, empowerment, help, fruit and counsel (Isaiah 59:20-21; John 3:34, 14:26; Acts 1:8, 2:4; 1 Corinthians 6:19-20; Galatians 5:22-23 and Hebrews 2:4, 4:16, 13:5).**
- 6. True Worshipper (Psalm 95:6-7; John 4:23-24, 14:6-7; Philippians 3:3; Hebrews 10:1-18 and Revelation 4:10-11). Royal Priest (1 Peter 2:9 and Revelation 5:10).**
- 7. Grace: More than a Conqueror (Romans 8:3-5, 37-39; 2 Corinthians 12:9-10 and 2 Timothy 1:8-10). Good Works (Psalm 138:8; 1 Corinthians 1:7-8; Ephesians 2:10; Philippians 1:6 and James 2:17-26). Proclaim God's message; prophesy (Joel 2:28-29 and Acts 2:16-18).**
- 8. Healing: emotional and physical (Isaiah 53:5, 60:1,19; Malachi 4:2; Luke 1:78-79; Acts 3:16 and 1 Peter 2:24). Remember it is always about God's glory (John 9:1-3) and all have an appointed time to die (Psalm 139:16 and James 4:13-15).**
- 9. Not Abandoned (Deuteronomy 31:6; Matthew 28:20; John 6:37-40, 10:28-29 and Hebrews 13:5). Not Stumble or Fall (Psalm 55:22; Proverbs 11:28; Philippians 1:5-6 and Jude 1:24)**
- 10. Eternal Life (Jeremiah 32:40; John 3:15-16; Hebrews 9:15 and Revelation 7:17, 21:4)**